

ARE MAKING INQUIRIES.

Must the Monroe Doctrine Be Enforced by Resort to Arms?

Special Information Asked of Every American Minister and Consul in South and Central America—Peaceful Talk From Berlin.

Washington, May 15.—In view of the significant references to the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine by Secretary Root, Senator Lodge and other prominent men, the state department has taken steps to secure data on the subject. The burden of these speeches has been the startling increase of the German colonies in South and Central America, which have been regarded as menacing the Monroe doctrine. It also has been asserted that these German colonies maintain their home customs in the new land, deal almost exclusively with Germany, use only the German language, have almost autonomous governments within the limits of American republics, and are in fact little Germanies wherever located.

The state department has addressed an instruction to every minister and consul in South and Central America to inform the department fully on all the points to which reference has been made. Of course Germany is not referred to by name, for such a direction might naturally give umbrage to the German government. The circular applies to colonists of all nationalities, though it is of course explained that the consuls in compiling their reports will differ from the colonists.

Berlin, May 15.—The cable reports of statements made in the United States senate chamber during the debate on the naval appropriation bill by Senators Hale and Spooner, to the effect that the United States had no expectation of war or other trouble with Germany, have been received here with satisfaction.

The semi-official Berliner Post asserts that these declarations prove that fair-minded and calmly reasoning Americans form the majority, and it concludes its article thus: "We hope in the future that attacks by certain American politicians who impute to a friendly country all sorts of aggressive schemes will be as promptly repudiated."

SENATOR CLARK RESIGNS.

Lieut. Gov. Spriggs Received His Resignation and Reappointed Him as Senator From Montana.

Washington, May 16.—Senator Clark of Montana, Tuesday announced his resignation from the United States senate. Senator Clark announced his resignation as follows: "Acting upon my own judgment, and holding no one responsible for the result, I have concluded to place my resignation in the hands of the chief executive of Montana, and I here submit a copy of a letter addressed to him under date of May 11, and which is now in his hands."

Helena, Mont., May 16.—Lieut. Gov. Spriggs received Senator Clark's resignation and reappointed him at once. The opinion is prevalent that, Clark having resigned before the senate declared his seat vacant, the governor's appointment will be recognized. Gov. Smith wired that he would leave California at once, but will arrive too late to stop the action of Lieut. Gov. Spriggs, who belongs to the Clark faction, while Smith is allied with the Daly faction. Developments have created a profound sensation throughout the whole state.

THE BATTLESHIP KENTUCKY.

By a Very Simple Ceremony the New War Vessel Was Placed in Commission at Newport News.

Newport News, Va., May 16.—By a very simple ceremony Tuesday the new battleship Kentucky went into commission. The superintendent of the shipyard, Mr. W. J. Post, turned the vessel over to Capt. Chester, formerly of the cruiser Cincinnati, who will command her. The ship's band played "The Star Spangled Banner," after Old Glory was raised. Inspection and setting of watches concluded the ceremony.

Mrs. Leland Stanford's Gift.

Sacramento, Cal., May 16.—Mrs. Leland Stanford, on the anniversary of her deceased son's birthday, has delivered over to Bishop Grace the deed to the old Stanford mansion, which shall henceforth be known as the Stanford-Lathrop Children's home. At the same time the \$75,000 transfer was made which is to serve as an endowment fund for the institution.

To Succeed Baron Fava.

Rome, May 16.—Baron Blanc, formerly minister of foreign affairs, will be Italy's next ambassador at Washington. Baron Fava, the present minister, will not retire until congress acts upon the bill, proposed by President McKinley, giving foreigners the right to sue lynchings in the federal courts.

San Pedro Breakwater.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 16.—Bids have been opened for the construction of the San Pedro breakwater. The lowest bid, made by D. V. Howell, of New York, was thrown out on account of irregularity. The bid of the California Construction Co. was the next lowest, \$2,375,546.05.

Death of Another Cuban Soldier.

Washington, May 16.—Gen. Wood, at Havana, reports the death of Private James M. Steele, Company C, 7th cavalry, in Pinar del Rio, May 3, of general paralysis.

FARRAGUT'S BIRTHPLACE.

Adm. Dewey Formally Unveiled the Marble Shaft Erected to the Memory of the First Admiral.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 16.—The final day of Adm. Dewey's tour was spent at Low's Ferry, 13 miles west of Knoxville, the birthplace of Adm. Farragut, under whom Adm. Dewey served in the civil war. The admiral and party, accompanied by various reception committees and members of the Daughters of the Revolution and many citizens, left the city Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock by boat for the birthplace. Arriving there near noon, the site of the old Farragut homestead was visited. There Adm. Dewey formally unveiled the marble shaft erected to mark the birthplace of the first admiral. Upon it is engraved:

"Birthplace of Admiral David Glasgow Farragut, born July 5, 1801. Erected by Bonny Kate Chapter D. A. R., Knoxville, Tenn. Dedicated by Admiral George Dewey, May 15, 1900."

Following the unveiling, Adm. Dewey made an address, in which he paid high tribute to Farragut and recounted his associations with him. Addresses were also made by Mrs. Chas. A. Perkins, representing the D. A. R., Col. L. D. Tyson, and Judge O. P. Temple. The latter presented Adm. Dewey with a handsome miniature of Adm. Farragut, done by Lloyd Branson, of this city. It is on ivory in a case upon which is engraved:

"Presented to Adm. Dewey on the occasion of his visit to Farragut's birthplace, Knoxville, Tenn., May 15, 1900."

The party returned to the city Tuesday afternoon, where a final reception was tendered Adm. Dewey by the Cumberland club. Adm. Dewey and party left Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock for Washington.

KILLED WIFE AND SELF.

L. D. McAllister, Wealthy Citizen of Heloise, Tenn., Also Tried to Shoot His Brother-in-Law.

Dyersburg, Tenn., May 16.—L. D. McAllister, a wealthy citizen of Heloise, shot and instantly killed his wife, and, after an ineffectual attempt to slay his wife's brother, turned the smoking revolver to his own head and blew out his brains. The trouble began about two years ago, when McAllister charged his wife with having improper relations with one Love. Later he killed Love, and, after a trial, was acquitted. Lately McAllister has made further charges against his wife, and they had separated.

He called upon her and insisted that she confess her alleged wrongdoings. The woman denied his charges, whereupon McAllister killed her. Her brother saved himself by a hasty retreat. McAllister then shot himself, dying instantly. He was the owner of steamers plying between Heloise and Cottonwood, and also of the steam ferry boats between Booth's Point and Carruthersville.

WHEELS SET IN MOTION.

The American Machinery Building at the Paris Exposition Formally Opened.

Paris, May 16.—The American machinery building, in the Vincennes annex of the exposition, was formally opened to the public. The United States ambassador, Gen. Horace Porter; Commissioner General Peck, the American commissioners, a few guests and Sousa's band made the trip in a decorated boat. The ceremony consisted in remarks made by F. E. Drake, the superintendent, Mr. Peck and Gen. Porter. The blowing of whistles announced that the building was opened, and immediately all the machinery was started.

On returning the boat stopped in front of the German national pavilion, the inauguration of which was proceeding. Sousa's band serenaded the Germans, the Americans landed and in a body were received by the German officials, who appreciated the delicate international compliment. Sousa's band played selections in front of the German pavilion.

To Reorganize Militia.

Toronto, Ont., May 16.—An order has just been issued reorganizing the Canadian militia on the basis of the Imperial army. The militiamen are to form regiments, with first and second battalions, composed of able-bodied reserves who have served their terms.

Greece Wants Arbitration.

Constantinople, May 16.—The Greek legation has notified the porte of the intention of Greece to resort to the collective arbitration of the powers respecting the controversies over the consular convention. At the same time the legation sent a note to the embassies asking for arbitration.

Gen. Chaffee Relieved.

Havana, May 16.—Orders relieving Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, Gen. Wood's chief of staff at his own request, and directing him to report at the war office, were received, and Gen. Chaffee will probably leave for the United States next Monday.

American Flag on Eiffel Tower.

Washington, May 16.—Vernardin W. Peck, United States commissioner to the Paris exposition, has secured the loan of a large flag which hangs in the pension office. It is his intention to float it on the Eiffel tower on the 4th of July.

Another Fire at Paris Exposition.

Paris, May 16.—A fire occurred at the exposition Tuesday afternoon. The flames were discovered in the basement of the Chateau d'Eau, which is intended to be one of the leading features of the exhibition.

EARLY WASHINGTON.

Few Records and Maps with Which to Locate Historical Points of Interest.

There is scarcely an old map of the District of Columbia or a book of any sort descriptive of early Washington in the stalls of the library of congress. In answer to a query the clerk in charge of the reading-room said the interest in the first days of Washington had been greatly increased since the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the removal of the capital to Washington assumed definite shape. Unfortunately none of the oldest maps of the city are in the map division of the library, but are either in private hands or inaccessible public buildings.

The most valuable is in the war department, and so faded and worn as to be but a poor guide to strangers in searching out old landmarks. Braddock Rock and Jefferson's corner stone are both eagerly hunted for by sprouting historians, and one scarcely walks abroad without meeting some person with a map in hand, prying about the neighborhood of the site of Burns' cottage, where Washington first negotiated for the land, or the Van Ness mansion, still standing, or the famous old octagon house, full of quaint surprises, occupied by the Madisons when the capital was burned by the British. Many well-known writers are here to embellish literature with new history, hence the lack of material in the Congressional library.

ODD MISTAKE DIVERTS PARIS.

Capt. Laval Discharged from the Hospital Cured While His Friends Are Invited to His Funeral.

A funny happening is now diverting Paris. Capt. Laval several weeks ago entered the military hospital. On Thursday some distant relatives received an official notice of his death. This notice said the body would be delivered for interment on Friday at ten a. m. Laval's friends hastened to make preparations for elaborate funeral ceremonies. All his friends were notified of the day and hour of the burial.

At the hospital the friends, officers and military guard waited patiently for two hours for the start. Inquiries then brought the information that the body had mysteriously disappeared. Just as everybody had hurried to leave the hospital court the missing corpse was discovered, inquiring from his stupefied friends who was being buried. It seems that some clerical error was responsible for the whole mess. Laval had left the hospital, completely cured, early the same morning that 500 people were gathering to escort him to the cemetery.

HISTORIC HOUSE.

Place Where Maj. Andre Was Condemned as Spy to Be Used as Soap Factory.

The '76 stone house at Tappan, N. Y., where Maj. Andre was condemned as a spy and imprisoned until his execution, in the revolutionary war, is to become a part of a soap factory.

Some of the people of Tappan sigh heavily when they think that a business enterprise is to invade their quiet settlement.

For two years the '76 house has been used as a hotel. Thousands of people have visited it, but recently Charles A. Pike, the proprietor, had his license revoked and closed his bar. He has leased the property to men from New York city, who intend to make soap on the grounds east of the house.

The building will be used for their offices.

MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, May 16.
CATTLE—Common . . . \$4 35 @ 4 70
Select butchers . . . 5 10 @ 5 20
CALVES—Extras . . . 6 75 @ 6 75
HOGS—Select packers 5 35 @ 5 40
Mixed packers . . . 5 20 @ 5 30
SHEEP—Choice . . . 4 60 @ 4 75
LAMB—Extra . . . 5 50 @ 5 70
FLOUR—Spring pat. . 3 65 @ 3 90
WHEAT—No. 2 red . . . @ 73 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed . . @ 41
OATS—No. 2 mixed . . @ 25 1/2
RYE—No. 2 . . . @ 61
HAY—Choice timothy @ 12 32 1/2
MESS PORK . . . @ 12 32 1/2
LARD . . . @ 6 95
BUTTER—Ch. dairy . . 13 1/2 @ 15
Choice creamery . . @ 21 1/2
APPLES—Ch. to fancy @ 4 50
POTATOES—Per brl. . 1 35 @ 1 50
TOBACCO—New . . . 2 30 @ 17 00
Old . . . 2 80 @ 13 50

CHICAGO.
FLOUR—Win. patent. 3 60 @ 3 70
WHEAT—No. 2 red . . 71 @ 72
No. 3 spring . . . 61 @ 64 1/2
CORN—No. 2 . . . @ 37 1/2
OATS—No. 2 . . . 23 1/4 @ 23 1/2
RYE—No. 2 . . . @ 54
PORK—Mess . . . 10 70 @ 11 80
LARD—Steam . . . 6 90 @ 7 07 1/2

NEW YORK.
FLOUR—Win. patent. 3 60 @ 3 85
WHEAT—No. 2 red . . @ 80 1/4
CORN—No. 2 mixed . . @ 42 3/4
OATS—No. 2 mixed . . @ 27 3/4
RYE . . . @ 61 1/4
PORK—Mess . . . 12 25 @ 13 00
LARD—Steam . . . 7 @ 7 45

BALTIMORE.
FLOUR—Win. patent. 3 65 @ 3 85
WHEAT—No. 2 red . . 64 1/4 @ 65
Southern . . . 67 @ 72 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed . . 40 3/4 @ 40 7/8
OATS—No. 3 mixed . . 27 @ 27 1/2
CATTLE—First qual. . 4 45 @ 4 75
HOGS—Western . . . 5 80 @ 5 90

INDIANAPOLIS.
WHEAT—No. 2 red . . @ 71
CORN—No. 2 mixed . . @ 39 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed . . @ 26
LOUISVILLE.
FLOUR—Win. patent. 4 25 @ 4 50
WHEAT—No. 2 red . . @ 71
CORN—Mixed . . . @ 42
OATS—Mixed . . . @ 25 1/2
PORK—Mess . . . @ 12 30
LARD—Steam . . . @ 7 00

THE LETTER WAS GENUINE AND CONTAINED FACTS.

A Former American Settled in Canada Flooded with Inquiries.

A short time since a letter appeared in these columns signed by Mr. W. H. Kinkade, of Alameda, Assiniboia, Western Canada, which caused that gentleman to receive a great many inquiries, most of them anxious to know if the letter was genuine. To a large number of the inquiries answers were sent, but it was impossible to reply to all. We take pleasure in submitting to our readers a specimen of replies sent by Mr. Kinkade:

"Yes, the letter dated December 22, 1899, supposed to have been written by me which you saw in your local papers was genuine and contained facts. I will say of the information received from the Canadian Government agents prior to coming here, I did not find a single untrue statement. The Canadian government is an honorable one and its agents dare not misrepresent this country or they would lose their job. There is quite a bit of land for homesteading yet, a very little close to market, but mainly from six to twenty miles from stations. The country hereabouts is a prairie, nearly level, slightly rolling, not a rough country by any means. Homestead entries cost ten dollars; on land that has been cancelled there is a five-dollar cancellation fee extra and in some cases an inspection fee of five dollars, and where the former occupant has made any substantial improvements there are small amounts to pay for improvements. This is a poor place for a poor man unless he has brains and muscle and 'git and grit,' but with these requisites he can succeed. The population of this part of Assiniboia has doubled during the past two years. There has been as much prairie broken the past two years as was already broken previous to 1898. C. P. R. land (odd sections) joining homestead land sells at three dollars per acre. Improved quarters within four to five miles of town sell at \$1,000 this spring. This is not a Garden of Eden at all. No man need think he can come here and get rich in a short time without much labor, but if he will work and be saving he can soon be an independent farmer tilling his own soil and getting good returns for his labor."

"We burn coal, which costs us \$1.85 per load at the mines which are 20 miles southwest of us. "People with stock and machinery should come in May, so as to have all June to break in. Those who expect to work for wages for the first year or two should come by the end of July to work through harvest and threshing and then go to the coal-fields and work all winter, and by spring he could be ready to improve homestead."

"A quarter-section of railway land sells at three dollars per acre. The interest is all figured up and a man has about \$71 to pay cash, and if he breaks at least ten acres first breaking season his \$21 interest for the first year is thrown off and the second fall following purchase he has \$60 to pay and then \$60 to pay for eight more falls, which makes a total of \$611 the quarter costs him, including all interest. Paying for a quarter of land that way is like keeping a life insurance policy paid, only it does not take so long to do it. By a man homesteading one quarter and buying another quarter gives him a chance to have a 320-acre farm all his own and have it paid for in ten years and after that he is sure of an easy living if he is any good at all."

"SIGNED W. H. KINKADE."

W. H. Kinkade.
"How did they open the Paris exposition, George? I've lost the paper containing the account of it." "Why, it was a simple and impressive ceremony. Looby stepped up and—" "Who is Looby, George?" "Looby is the president of the French republic. Looby walked up and pushed away a painter's ladder, and kicked aside a plasterer's hod and a pile of bricks, and yanked a carpenter's horse out of the way, and tore down the 'Positively No Admittance' card—in French, of course—and scraped a lot of sand and gravel away from the bottom of the door, and then gave the knob a yank—and the exposition was wide open! Simple, isn't it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

In the Lake Country.

of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, there are hundreds of the most charming Summer Resorts awaiting the arrival of thousands of tourists from the South and East.

Among the list of new places are Fox Lake, Delavan, Lauderdale, Waukegan, Oconomowoc, Palmyra, T. Delis at Kilbourn, Elkhart and Madison, while a little further off are Minocqua, Star Lake, Frontenac, White Bear, Minnetonka and Marquette on Lake Superior.

For pamphlet of "Summer Homes for 1900," or for copy of our handsomely illustrated Summer book, entitled "In the Lake Country," apply to nearest ticket agent or address with four cents in postage, Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colonial Building, Chicago, Ill.

Not Too Well Done.

Peppere—No, I won't have anything more for you. Your work last week displeased me very much.

Laundryman—What's the matter; wasn't it well done?
"Yes, too well done. I like my shirts rare."—Philadelphia Record.

Recreation.

"Have you had a vacation this summer, Mr. F.?" asked Tenspot.
"Well, my wife took me to the cemetery once to see the grave of her first husband."—Judge.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The hen-pecked husband finds small consolation in the fact that she won't let anyone else nag him.—Chicago Democrat.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John E. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Be polite to some people, and they will at once become disagreeable and impudent.—Atchison Globe.

A sailor says the sea always washes in dirty weather.—Chicago Daily News.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Notary Public.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1899.

A. W. GLEASON.
[Seal]
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Ostentation.

"Such ostentation I never saw in my life," declared Mrs. Nugget, of Dawson City, after her return from church on Easter Sunday.

"What was it, my dear?" asked Mr. Nugget, who had remained at home.

"Why, that odious Mrs. Placer had her new bonnet festooned with strings of dried beans."

One Night to Denver.

Via Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line. "Colorado Special" leaves Chicago 10:00 every morning, arriving Denver 1:20 the next afternoon, Colorado Springs and Manitou same evening. No change of cars. All meals in Dining Cars. Another fast train at 10:30 P. M. Daily. New book "Colorado," illustrated, mailed on receipt of four cents postage. Ticket Offices, Chicago & North-Western R'y., 193 Clark St., and Wells St. Station.

To Win Undying Fame.

Some day, to shift the small boy to an earthly paradise, somebody will introduce a fearless baseball park and his fame will last forever.—Pittsburgh Times.

Carter's Ink Is the Best Ink.

made, but no dearer than the poorest. Has the largest sale of any ink in the world.

"How was Admiral Dewey's naval rank reduced when he got married?" "He became Mrs. Dewey's second mate."—Argonaut.

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(Teething Powders)
Costs only 25 cents at Druggists.
Or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

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This is printed with THAT ink.

P NEWS INK Makes a Paper
LOOK THE PART

Comfort for Lady Passengers
En route to Texas.
One of the unusual features to be found in going to Texas, via Memphis and the Cotton Belt, is the ladies' lounging room in the parlor car. This large comfortable room is furnished with a couch and easy chairs, and is separated from the balance of the car. Ladies can withdraw to it at any time for privacy and rest.
The Cotton Belt offers you the quickest and shortest route to Texas, without change of cars. Both day and night trains are equipped with comfortable Coaches and Free Reclining Chair Cars; also Parlor Cars by day and Pullman Sleepers at night.
Write and tell us where you are going and when you will leave, and we will tell you what your ticket will cost and what train to take to make the best time and connections. We will also send you an interesting little booklet, "A Trip to Texas."
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F.R. WYATT, T.P.A., Cincinnati, Ohio. H.H. SUTTON, T.P.A., Chattanooga, Tenn.
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RED ROOFING
1 cent per square foot, caps and nails included.
Substitutes for Flashed and Felted.
Pay Manila Roofing Co., CAMDEN, N. J.

THE HEALTH OF YOUNG WOMEN

Two of Them Helped by Mrs. Pinkham—Read their Letters.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am sixteen years old and am troubled with my monthly sickness. It is very irregular, occurring only once in two or three months, and also very painful. I also suffer with cramps and once in a while pain strikes me in the heart and I have drowsy headaches. If there is anything you can do for me, I will gladly follow your advice."
—MISS MARY GOMES, Aptos, Cal., July 31, 1898.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—After receiving your letter I began the use of your remedies, taking both Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. I am now regular every month and suffer no pain. Your medicine is the best that any suffering girl can take."—Miss MARY GOMES, Aptos, Cal., July 6, 1899.

Nervous and Dizzy
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express my thanks to you for the great benefit I have received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered constantly from terrible headache, had chills, was nervous and dizzy. I had tried different kinds of medicine but they all failed entirely. After taking three bottles of Vegetable Compound and three of Blood Purifier I am all right. I cannot thank you enough for what your remedies have done for me."—Miss MATILDA JENSEN, Box 18, Ogdensburg, Wis., June 10, 1899.

Alays Irritation, Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child, Makes Teething Easy.
TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of ANY AGE.

CHINA
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The Queen City Printing Ink Co.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Who have had 40 years' experience in making NEWS INK
TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS
Such as, the Speed of the Press—the Texture of the Paper—the Temperature of the Press Room, etc. It goes FARTHER—ADDS to the look of a paper—and IS CHEAP or at least ECONOMICAL, which is THE TEST for the word CHEAP.
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